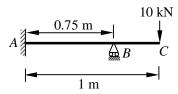
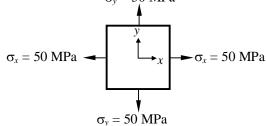
Q. 1 - Q. 25 carry one mark each.

- While minimizing the function f(x), necessary and sufficient conditions for a point, x_0 to be a Q.1 minima are:
 - (A) $f'(x_0) > 0$ and $f''(x_0) = 0$
- (B) $f'(x_0) < 0$ and $f''(x_0) = 0$
- (C) $f'(x_0) = 0$ and $f''(x_0) < 0$
- (D) $f'(x_0) = 0$ and $f''(x_0) > 0$
- Q.2 In Newton-Raphson iterative method, the initial guess value (x_{ini}) is considered as zero while finding the roots of the equation: $f(x) = -2 + 6x - 4x^2 + 0.5x^3$. The correction, Δx , to be added to $x_{\rm ini}$ in the first iteration is _____
- Given, $i = \sqrt{-1}$, the value of the definite integral, $I = \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x + i \sin x}{\cos x i \sin x} dx$ is: Q.3
 - (A) 1
- (B) -1
- (C) *i*

- Q.4 $\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^{2x}$ is equal to
 - (A) e^{-2} (B) e^{-2}
- (C) 1
- (D) e^{2}
- Let $\mathbf{A} = [a_{ij}]$, $1 \le i, j \le n$ with $n \ge 3$ and $a_{ij} = i, j$. The rank of \mathbf{A} is: Q.5
 - (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) n-1
- (D) n
- Q.6 A horizontal beam ABC is loaded as shown in the figure below. The distance of the point of contraflexure from end A (in m) is ____



For the plane stress situation shown in the figure, the maximum shear stress and the plane on which Q.7 it acts are: $\sigma_v = 50 \text{ MPa}$



- (A) -50 MPa, on a plane 45° clockwise w.r.t. x-axis
- (B) -50 MPa, on a plane 45° anti-clockwise w.r.t. x-axis
- (C) 50 MPa, at all orientations
- (D) Zero, at all orientations



A guided support as shown in the figure below is represented by three springs (horizontal, vertical Q.8 and rotational) with stiffness k_x , k_y and k_θ respectively. The limiting values of k_x , k_y and k_θ are:



(A)	∞	0	α
(11)	$, \infty$	v,	×

(B)
$$\infty$$
, ∞ , ∞

(C)
$$0, \infty, \infty$$

(D)
$$\infty$$
, ∞ , 0

Q.9 A column of size 450 mm × 600 mm has unsupported length of 3.0 m and is braced against side sway in both directions. According to IS 456: 2000, the minimum eccentricities (in mm) with respect to major and minor principal axes are:

(A) 20.0 and 20.0

(B) 26.0 and 21.0

(C) 26.0 and 20.0

(D) 21.0 and 15.0

Q.10 Prying forces are:

(A) shearing forces on the bolts because of the joints

(B) tensile forces due to the flexibility of connected parts

(C) bending forces on the bolts because of the joints

(D) forces due the friction between connected parts

A steel member 'M' has reversal of stress due to live loads, whereas another member 'N' has reversal of stress due to wind load. As per IS 800: 2007, the maximum slenderness ratio permitted

(A) less for member 'M' than that of member 'N'

(B) more for member 'M' than for member 'N'

(C) same for both the members

(D) not specified in the Code

Q.12 If the water content of a fully saturated soil mass is 100%, the void ratio of the sample is:

(A) less than specific gravity of soil

(B) equal to specific gravity of soil

(C) greater than specific gravity of soil

(D) independent of specific gravity of soil

Q.13 In friction circle method of slope stability analysis, if r defines the radius of the slip circle, the radius of friction circle is:

(A) $r \sin \phi$

(B) r

(C) $r \cos \phi$

(D) $r \tan \phi$

Net ultimate bearing capacity of a footing embedded in a clay stratum Q.14

(A) increases with depth of footing only

(B) increases with size of footing only

(C) increases with depth and size of footing

(D) is independent of depth and size of footing

Surcharge loading required to be placed on the horizontal backfill of a smooth retaining vertical Q.15 wall so as to completely eliminate tensile crack is:

(A) 2 c

(B) $2 c k_a$

(C) $2c\sqrt{k_a}$ (D) $2c/\sqrt{k_a}$

The relationship between the length scale ratio (L_r) and the velocity scale ratio (V_r) in hydra models, in which Froude dynamic similarity is maintained, is:

(A) $V_r = L_r$

(B) $L_r = \sqrt{V_r}$ (C) $V_r = L_r^{1.5}$ (D) $V_r = \sqrt{L_r}$



Q.17	A nozzle is so shaped that the average flow velo	ocity changes linearly from 1.5 m/s at the beginning
		The magnitude of the convective acceleration (in
	m/s^2) at the end of the nozzle is	

A hydraulic jump takes place in a frictionless rectangular channel. The pre-jump depth is y_p . The alternate and sequent depths corresponding to y_p are y_a and y_s respectively. The correct relationship among y_p , y_a and y_s is:

(A)
$$y_a < y_s < y_p$$

(B)
$$y_p < y_s < y_0$$

(C)
$$y_p < y_s = y_a$$

(B)
$$y_p < y_s < y_a$$

(D) $y_p = y_s = y_a$

Q.19 The relationship between porosity (η) , specific yield (S_v) and specific retention (S_r) of an unconfined aquifer is:

(A)
$$S_{\rm y} + S_{\rm r} = \eta$$

(B)
$$S_v + \eta = S_r$$

(C)
$$S_r + \eta = S_v$$

(B)
$$S_y + \eta = S_r$$

(D) $S_y + S_r + \eta = 1$

0.20A groundwater sample was found to contain 500 mg/L total dissolved solids (TDS). TDS (in %) present in the sample is ______

SO₂ and CO adversely affect Q.21

- (A) oxygen carrying capacity of blood and functioning of lungs respectively
- (B) functioning of the respiratory system and brain respectively
- (C) functioning of the respiratory system and oxygen carrying capacity of blood respectively
- (D) functioning of air passages and chest respectively

O.22 A superspeedway in New Delhi has among the highest super-elevation rates of any track on the Indian Grand Prix circuit. The track requires drivers to negotiate turns with a radius of 335 m and 33° banking. Given this information, the coefficient of side friction required in order to allow a vehicle to travel at 320 km/h along the curve is:

(D) 2.530

Q.23 The following statements are made related to the lengths of turning lanes at signalised intersections:

- 1.5 times the average number of vehicles (by vehicle type) that would store in turning lane per cycle during the peak hour
- (ii) 2 times the average number of vehicles (by vehicle type) that would store in turning lane per cycle during the peak hour
- (iii) Average number of vehicles (by vehicle type) that would store in the adjacent through lane per cycle during the peak hour
- (iv) Average number of vehicles (by vehicle type) that would store in all lanes per cycle during the peak hour

As per the IRC recommendations, the correct choice for design length of storage lanes is:

(A) Maximum of (ii and iii)

(B) Maximum of (i and iii)

(C) Average of (i and iii)

(D) Only (iv)

O.24 In a leveling work, sum of the Back Sight (B.S.) and Fore Sight (F.S.) have been found to be 3.085 m and 5.645 m respectively. If the Reduced Level (R.L.) of the starting station is 100.000 m, the R.L. (in m) of the last station is ____

The combined correction due to curvature and refraction (in m) for a distance of 1 km on O.25 surface of Earth is:

- (A) 0.0673
- (B) 0.673
- (C) 7.63
- (D) 0.763



Q. 26 – Q. 55 carry two marks each.

The probability density function of a random variable, x is

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{4} \left(4 - x^2 \right) \quad \text{for} \quad 0 \le x \le 2$$

=0 otherwise

The mean, μ_x of the random variable is ___

Q.27 Consider the following second order linear differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -12x^2 + 24x - 20$$

The boundary conditions are: at x = 0, y = 5 and at x = 2, y = 21

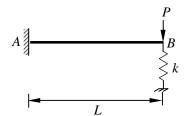
The value of y at x = 1 is _____.

- The two Eigen values of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & p \end{bmatrix}$ have a ratio of 3:1 for p = 2. What is another value of p = 1. for which the Eigen values have the same ratio of 3:1?
 - (A) -2
- (B) 1
- (C) 7/3
- (D) 14/3
- Q.29 For step-size, $\Delta x = 0.4$, the value of following integral using Simpson's 1/3 rule is _____ $\int_{0}^{0.8} \left(0.2 + 25x - 200x^2 + 675x^3 - 900x^4 + 400x^5\right) dx$
- Q.30 In a system, two connected rigid bars AC and BC are of identical length, L with pin supports at A and B. The bars are interconnected at C by a frictionless hinge. The rotation of the hinge is restrained by a rotational spring of stiffness, k. The system initially assumes a straight line configuration, ACB. Assuming both the bars as weightless, the rotation at supports, A and B, due to a transverse load, P applied at C is:
 - (A) $\frac{PL}{\Delta k}$

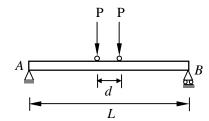
- (B) $\frac{PL}{2k}$ (C) $\frac{P}{4k}$ (D) $\frac{Pk}{4L}$
- A simply supported reinforced concrete beam of length 10 m sags while undergoing shrinkage. Q.31 Assuming a uniform curvature of 0.004 m⁻¹ along the span, the maximum deflection (in m) of the beam at mid-span is ___



Q.32 A steel strip of length, L = 200 mm is fixed at end A and rests at B on a vertical spring of stiffness, k = 2 N/mm. The steel strip is 5 mm wide and 10 mm thick. A vertical load, P = 50 N is applied at B, as shown in the figure. Considering E = 200 GPa, the force (in N) developed in the spring is



Q.33 A simply supported beam AB of span, L=24 m is subjected to two wheel loads acting at a distance, d=5 m apart as shown in the figure below. Each wheel transmits a load, P=3 kN and may occupy any position along the beam. If the beam is an *I*-section having section modulus, S=16.2 cm³, the maximum bending stress (in GPa) due to the wheel loads is



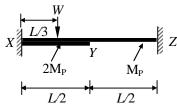
- Q.34 According to the concept of Limit State Design as per IS 456: 2000, the probability of failure of a structure is ______.
- Q.35 In a pre-stressed concrete beam section shown in the figure, the net loss is 10% and the final pre-stressing force applied at X is 750 kN. The initial fiber stresses (in N/mm²) at the top and bottom of the beam were:

$$d_1$$
 d_1
 d_1
 d_1
 d_2
 d_2

(B) -4.166 and -20.833
(D) -4.166 and 20.833

- (A) 4.166 and 20.833
- (C) 4.166 and -20.833

- (D) -4.166 and 20.833
- Q.36 A fixed end beam is subjected to a load, W at 1/3rd span from the left support as shown in the figure. The collapse load of the beam is:



(A) $16.5 \text{ M}_P/L$

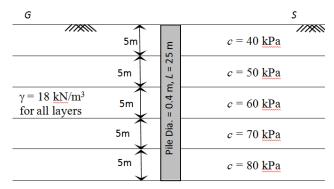
(B) $15.5 \text{ M}_P/L$

(C) $15.0 \text{ M}_P/L$

(D) $16.0 \,\mathrm{M_P/L}$



- Q.37 A 588 cm³ volume of moist sand weighs 1010 gm. Its dry weight is 918 gm and specific gravity of solids, G is 2.67. Assuming density of water as 1 gm/cm³, the void ratio is ______.
- Q.38 A 4 m thick layer of normally consolidated clay has an average void ratio of 1.30. Its compression index is 0.6 and coefficient of consolidation is 1 m²/yr. If the increase in vertical pressure due to foundation load on the clay layer is equal to the existing effective overburden pressure, the change in the thickness of the clay layer is _____ mm
- Q.39 A pile of diameter 0.4 m is fully embedded in a clay stratum having 5 layers, each 5 m thick as shown in the figure below. Assume a constant unit weight of soil as 18 kN/m^3 for all the layers. Using λ -method ($\lambda = 0.15$ for 25 m embedment length) and neglecting the end bearing component, the ultimate pile capacity (in kN) is _______.



- Q.40 Stress path equation for tri-axial test upon application of deviatoric stress is, $q = 10\sqrt{3} + 0.5 \ p$. The respective values of cohesion, c (in kPa) and angle of internal friction, ϕ are:
 - (A) 20 and 20°

(B) 20 and 30°

(C) 30 and 30°

- (D) 30 and 20°
- Q.41 A 6 m high retaining wall having a smooth vertical back face retains a layered horizontal backfill. Top 3 m thick layer of the backfill is sand having an angle of internal friction, $\phi = 30^{\circ}$ while the bottom layer is 3 m thick clay with cohesion, c = 20 kPa. Assume unit weight for both sand and clay as 18 kN/m^3 . The total active earth pressure per unit length of the wall (in kN/m) is:
 - (A) 150
- (B) 216
- (C) 156
- (D) 196
- Q.42 A field channel has cultivable commanded area of 2000 hectares. The intensities of irrigation for gram and wheat are 30% and 50% respectively. Gram has a kor period of 18 days, kor depth of 12 cm, while wheat has a kor period of 18 days and a kor depth of 15 cm. The discharge (in m³/s) required in the field channel to supply water to the commanded area during the kor period is
- Q.43 A triangular gate with a base width of 2 m and a height of 1.5 m lies in a vertical plane. The top vertex of the gate is 1.5 m below the surface of a tank which contains oil of specific gravity 0.8. Considering the density of water and acceleration due to gravity to be 1000 kg/m³ and 9.81 m/s² respectively, the hydrostatic force (in kN) exerted by the oil on the gate is _______.



Q.44 The velocity components of a two dimensional plane motion of a fluid are: $u = \frac{y^3}{3} + 2x - x^2y$ and $v = xy^2 - 2y - \frac{x^3}{3}$.

The correct statement is:

- (A) Fluid is incompressible and flow is irrotational
- (B) Fluid is incompressible and flow is rotational
- (C) Fluid is compressible and flow is irrotational
- (D) Fluid is compressible and flow is rotational
- Q.45 The average surface area of a reservoir in the month of June is 20 km². In the same month, the average rate of inflow is 10 m³/s, outflow rate is 15 m³/s, monthly rainfall is 10 cm, monthly seepage loss is 1.8 cm and the storage change is 16 million m³. The evaporation (in cm) in that month is:
 - (A) 46.8
- (B) 136.0
- (C) 13.6
- (D) 23.4
- Q.46 A pipe of 0.7 m diameter has a length of 6 km and connects two reservoirs A and B. The water level in reservoir A is at an elevation 30 m above the water level in reservoir B. Halfway along the pipe line, there is a branch through which water can be supplied to a third reservoir C. The friction factor of the pipe is 0.024. The quantity of water discharged into reservoir C is 0.15 m³/s. Considering the acceleration due to gravity as 9.81 m/s² and neglecting minor losses, the discharge (in m³/s) into the reservoir B is _______.
- Q.47 A landfill is to be designed to serve a population of 200000 for a period of 25 years. The solid waste (SW) generation is 2 kg/person/day. The density of the un-compacted SW is 100 kg/m³ and a compaction ratio of 4 is suggested. The ratio of compacted fill (i.e., SW + cover) to compacted SW is 1.5. The landfill volume (in million m³) required is _______.
- Q.48 A water treatment plant of capacity, 1 m³/s has filter boxes of dimensions 6 m \times 10 m. Loading rate to the filters is 120 m³/day/m². When two of the filters are out of service for back washing, the loading rate (in m³/day/m²) is ______.
- Q.49 Ultimate BOD of a river water sample is 20 mg/L. BOD rate constant (natural log) is 0.15 day⁻¹. The respective values of BOD (in %) exerted and remaining after 7 days are:
 - (A) 45 and 55

(B) 55 and 45

(C) 65 and 35

- (D) 75 and 25
- Q.50 In a wastewater treatment plant, primary sedimentation tank (PST) designed at an overflow rate of $32.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{day/m}^2$ is $32.5 \text{ m} \log_3 8.0 \text{ m}$ wide and liquid depth of 2.25 m. If the length of the weir is 75 m, the weir loading rate (in $\text{m}^3/\text{day/m}$) is ______.
- Q.51 The relation between speed u (in km/h) and density k (number of vehicles / km) for a traffic stream on a road is u = 70 0.7k. The capacity on this road is ______ vph (vehicles/hour).



Q.52 Match the information related to tests on aggregates given in Group-I with that in Group-II.

Group-II

P. Resistance to impact
Q. Resistance to wear
Q. Resistance to wear
Q. Resistance to weathering action
S. Resistance to crushing
Q. Resistance to weathering action
S. Resistance to crushing
Q. Resistance to weathering action
Q. Toughness
Q. Surength
Q. Toughness
Q. P-1, Q-3, R-4, S-2
Q. P-1, Q-3, R-4, S-2
Q. P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2
Q. P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2
Q. P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1

Q.53 In Marshall method of mix design, the coarse aggregate, fine aggregate, fines and bitumen having respective values of specific gravity 2.60, 2.70, 2.65 and 1.01, are mixed in the relative proportions (% by weight) of 55.0, 35.8, 3.7 and 5.5 respectively. The theoretical specific gravity of the mix and the effective specific gravity of the aggregates in the mix respectively are:

(A) 2.42 and 2.63

(B) 2.42 and 2.78

(C) 2.42 and 2.93

- (D) 2.64 and 2.78
- Q.54 The bearings of two inaccessible stations, S_1 (Easting 500 m, Northing 500 m) and S_2 (Easting 600 m, Northing 450 m) from a station S_3 were observed as 225^0 and 153^0 26' respectively. The independent Easting (in m) of station S_3 is:

(A) 450.000

(B) 570.710

(C) 550.000

(D) 650.000

Q.55 Two Pegs A and B were fixed on opposite banks of a 50 m wide river. The level was set up at A and the staff readings on Pegs A and B were observed as 1.350 m and 1.550 m, respectively. Thereafter the instrument was shifted and set up at B. The staff readings on Pegs B and A were observed as 0.750 m and 0.550 m, respectively. If the R.L. of Peg A is 100.200 m, the R.L. (in m) of Peg B is

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER



Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering

Notations: 1.Options shown in g 2.Options shown in re				
2.Options shown in I	color and with	con are meorreet.		
Question Paper Name: Number of Questions: Total Marks:	CE: CIVIL 65 100.0	ENGINEERING 8th F	eb Shift1	
Wrong answer for	MCQ will result in negati	ive marks, (-1/3) for 1	mark Questions and (-2/3) for 2 marks Qu	estions.
Number of Question Section Marks:	is:	General 10 15.0	Aptitude	
Q.1 to Q.5 carry 1	mark each & Q.6 to Q.1	0 carry 2 marks each.]	
_	abus and studying for		ch a dominant concern of Indian to the requirements of the exam. (D) useful	
Question Number : 2 Que	est expresses a relation	ship similar to that	expressed in the pair:	
(A) Adult : Orthopae (C) Kidney : Nephrol		(B) Females : (D) Skin : Den		
Options: 1. * A 2. * B 3. * C 4. * D				y ≱iñ

Question Number: 3 Question Type: MCQ



The Tamil version of	_ John Abraham-starrer Madras Cafe	cleared by the
	ek, but the film's distributors	no takers among the
exhibitors for a release in Tamil Nad		
(A) Mr., was, found, on (C) the, was, found, on	(B) a, was, found, at(D) a, being, find at	
(C) the, was, round, on	(D) a, being, find at	
Options:		
1. * A		
2. * B		
3. ✓ C		
4. * D		
Question Number : 4 Question Type : MCQ	0	
If ROAD is written as URDG, then S		
(A) VXDQ		
(B) VZDQ		
(C) VZDP		
(D) UXDQ		
Options:		
1. * A		
2. ✓ B		
3. * C		
4. * D		
Question Number : 5 Question Type : MCQ	0	
	lue of 29 at $x = -2$ and 39 at $x = 3$. Find	its value at $x = 5$.
(A) 59 (B) 45	(C) 43 (D) 3	
Options:		
2. * B		
3. ✓ C		
4. * D		
Question Number: 6 Question Type: MCQ	1	
Alexander turned his attention towards	s India, since he had conquered Persia.	
Which one of the statements below is	logically valid and can be inferred from	the above sentence?
(A) Alexander would not have turned	his attention towards India had he not co	nquered Persia.
(B) Alexander was not ready to rest on	n his laurels, and wanted to march to Ind	ia.
(C) Alexander was completely in contr	rol of his army and could command it to	move towards India.
(D) Since Alexander's kingdom exter	nded to Indian borders after the conqu	est of Persia, he was

keen to move further.



Options:

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. * D

Question Number: 7 Question Type: MCQ

Most experts feel that in spite of possessing all the technical skills required to be a batsman of the highest order, he is unlikely to be so due to lack of requisite temperament. He was guilty of throwing away his wicket several times after working hard to lay a strong foundation. His critics pointed out that until he addressed this problem, success at the highest level will continue to elude him.

Which of the statement(s) below is/are logically valid and can be inferred from the above passage?

- (i) He was already a successful batsman at the highest level.
- He has to improve his temperament in order to become a great batsman.
- (iii) He failed to make many of his good starts count.
- (iv) Improving his technical skills will guarantee success.
- (A) (iii) and (iv)

(B) (ii) and (iii)

(C) (i), (ii) and (iii)

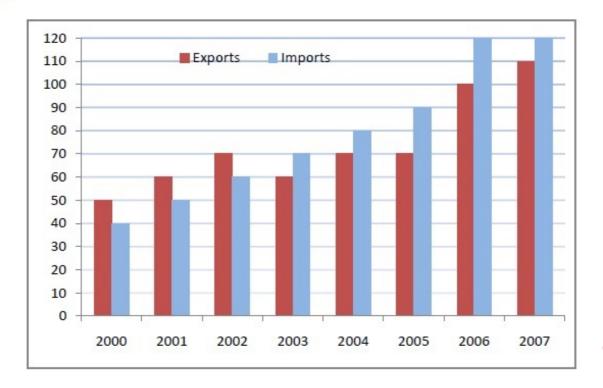
(D) (ii) only

Options:

- 1. 3 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. * C
- 4. * D

Question Number: 8 Question Type: NAT

The exports and imports (in crores of Rs.) of a country from the year 2000 to 2007 are given in the following bar chart. In which year is the combined percentage increase in imports and exports the highest?



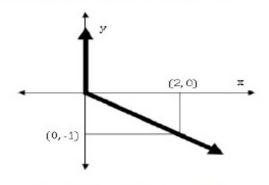


Correct Answer:

2006

Question Number: 9 Question Type: MCQ

Choose the most appropriate equation for the function drawn as a thick line, in the plot below.



- (A) x = y |y|
- (B) x = -(y |y|)
- (C) x = y + |y|
- (D) x = -(y + |y|)

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. * C
- 4. * D

Question Number: 10 Question Type: MCQ

The head of a newly formed government desires to appoint five of the six selected members P, Q, R, S, T, and U to portfolios of Home, Power, Defense, Telecom, and Finance. U does not want any portfolio if S gets one of the five. R wants either Home or Finance or no portfolio. Q says that if S gets either Power or Telecom, then she must get the other one. T insists on a portfolio if P gets one.

Which is the valid distribution of portfolios?

- (A) P-Home, Q-Power, R-Defense, S-Telecom, T-Finance
- (B) R-Home, S-Power, P-Defense, Q-Telecom, T-Finance
- (C) P-Home, Q-Power, T-Defense, S-Telecom, U-Finance
- (D) Q-Home, U-Power, T-Defense, R-Telecom, P-Finance

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. * C
- 4. * D

Civil Engineering

Number of Questions: Section Marks: 55

85.0



Question Number: 11 Question Type: NAT

For what value of p the following set of equations will have no solution?

$$2x + 3y = 5$$

$$3x + py = 10$$

Correct Answer:

4.49 to 4.51

Question Number: 12 Question Type: MCQ

The integral $\int_{x_1}^{x_2} x^2 dx$ with $x_2 > x_1 > 0$ is evaluated analytically as well as numerically using a single application of the trapezoidal rule. If I is the exact value of the integral obtained analytically and I is the approximate value obtained using the trapezoidal rule, which of the following statements is correct about their relationship?

(B)
$$I < I$$

(C)
$$I = I$$

(D) Insufficient data to determine the relationship

Options:

Question Number: 13 Question Type: NAT

Consider the following probability mass function (p.m.f.) of a random variable X:

$$p(x,q) = \begin{cases} q & \text{if } X = 0\\ 1 - q & \text{if } X = 1\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

If q = 0.4, the variance of X is

Correct Answer:

0.23 to 0.25

Question Number: 14 Question Type: MCQ



Workability of concrete can be measured using slump, compaction factor and Vebe time. Consider the following statements for workability of concrete:

- (i) As the slump increases, the Vebe time increases
- (ii) As the slump increases, the compaction factor increases

Which of the following is TRUE?

(A) Both (i) and (ii) are True

(B) Both (i) and (ii) are False

(C) (i) is True and (ii) is False

(D) (i) is False and (ii) is True

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗱 B
- з. **Ж** С
- 4. 🖋 D

Question Number: 15 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the following statements for air-entrained concrete:

- (i) Air-entrainment reduces the water demand for a given level of workability
- (ii) Use of air-entrained concrete is required in environments where cyclic freezing and thawing is expected

Which of the following is TRUE?

(A) Both (i) and (ii) are True

(B) Both (i) and (ii) are False

(C) (i) is True and (ii) is False

(D) (i) is False and (ii) is True

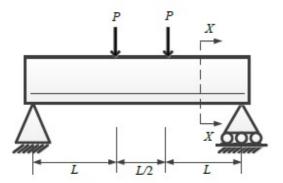
Options:

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🏶 C
- 4. 🗱 D

Question Number: 16 Question Type: MCQ



Consider the singly reinforced beam shown in the figure below:



At cross-section XX, which of the following statements is TRUE at the limit state?

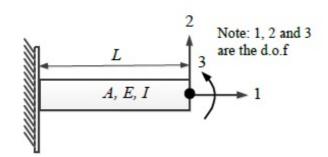
- (A) The variation of stress is linear and that of strain is non-linear
- (B) The variation of strain is linear and that of stress is non-linear
- (C) The variation of both stress and strain is linear
- (D) The variation of both stress and strain is non-linear

Options:

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. * D

Question Number: 17 Question Type: MCQ

For the beam shown below, the stiffness coefficient K_{22} can be written as



(A)
$$\frac{6EI}{I^2}$$

(B)
$$\frac{12EI}{L^3}$$

(C)
$$\frac{3EI}{L}$$

(D)
$$\frac{EI}{6L^2}$$

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. 🍀 C
- 4. * D

Question Number: 18 Question Type: NAT

The development length of a deformed reinforcement bar can be expressed as (1/k) ($\phi \sigma_s / \tau_{bd}$).

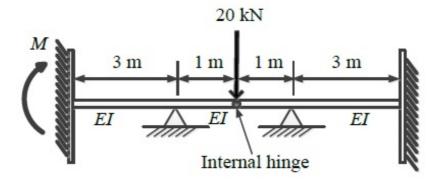
From the IS:456-2000, the value of k can be calculated as _____.

Correct Answer:

6.38 to 6.42

Question Number: 19 Question Type: NAT

For the beam shown below, the value of the support moment M is _____kN-m.

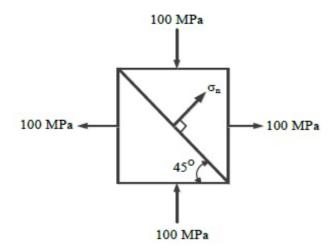


Correct Answer:

5

Question Number: 20 Question Type: NAT

Two triangular wedges are glued together as shown in the following figure. The stress acting normal to the interface, σ_n is _____ MPa.



Correct Answer:

0

Question Number: 21 Question Type: MCQ



_	15% and 28%. The soil behav	tent. The soil behaves as sen es fluid-like when the water o	
(A) 3.33	(B) 0.42	(C) 0.30	(D) 0.20
Options:			
1. * A			
2. 🏶 B			
3. 🗸 C			
4. 🗱 D			
Question Number : 22 Qu	nestion Type : MCQ		

Which of the following statements is TRUE for the relation between discharge velocity and seepage

velocity?

(A) Seepage velocity is always smaller than discharge velocity(B) Seepage velocity can never be smaller than discharge velocity

(C) Seepage velocity is equal to the discharge velocity

(D) No relation between seepage velocity and discharge velocity can be established

Options:

1. 🏶 A

2. 🗸 B

з. **ж** с

4. * D

Question Number: 23 Question Type: MCQ

Which of the following statements is TRUE for degree of disturbance of collected soil sample?

- (A) Thinner the sampler wall, lower the degree of disturbance of collected soil sample
- (B) Thicker the sampler wall, lower the degree of disturbance of collected soil sample
- (C) Thickness of the sampler wall and the degree of disturbance of collected soil sample are unrelated
- (D) The degree of disturbance of collected soil sample is proportional to the inner diameter of the sampling tube

Options:

1. 🗸 A

2. X B

3. **%** C

4. * D

Question Number: 24 Question Type: MCQ

In an unconsolidated undrained triaxial test, it is observed that an increase in cell pressure from 150 kPa to 250 kPa leads to a pore pressure increase of 80 kPa. It is further observed that, an increase of 50 kPa in deviatoric stress results in an increase of 25 kPa in the pore pressure. The value of Skempton's pore pressure parameter B is:

(A) 0.5

(B) 0.625

(C) 0.8

(D) 1.0



Options:

1. 🏶 A

2. X B

3. 🗸 C

4. * D

Question Number: 25 Question Type: MCQ

Which of the following statements is NOT correct?

Loose sand exhibits contractive behavior upon shearing

(B) Dense sand when sheared under undrained condition, may lead to generation of negative pore pressure

(C) Black cotton soil exhibits expansive behavior

(D) Liquefaction is the phenomenon where cohesionless soil near the downstream side of dams or sheet-piles loses its shear strength due to high upward hydraulic gradient

Options:

1. 🏁 A

2. X B

3. X C

4. 🗸 D

Question Number: 26 Question Type: MCQ

In a two-dimensional steady flow field, in a certain region of the x-y plane, the velocity component in the x-direction is given by $v_x = x^2$ and the density varies as $\rho = \frac{1}{x}$. Which of the following is a valid expression for the velocity component in the y-direction, v_y ?

(A)
$$v_y = -x/y$$
 (B) $v_y = x/y$ (C) $v_y = -xy$ (D) $v_y = xy$

(B)
$$v_v = x/y$$

(C)
$$v_y = -xy$$

(D)
$$v_y = xy$$

Options:

1. 🎇 A

2. X B

3. 🗸 C

4. * D

Question Number: 27 Question Type: MCQ

For steady incompressible flow through a closed-conduit of uniform cross-section, the direction of flow will always be:

(A) from higher to lower elevation

(B) from higher to lower pressure

(C) from higher to lower velocity

(D) from higher to lower piezometric head

Options:

1. 🗱 A

2. X B

3. **%** C

4. 🗸 D

A circular pipe has a diameter of 1 m, bed slope of 1 in 1000, and Manning's roughness coefficient equal to 0.01. It may be treated as an open channel flow when it is flowing just full, *i.e.*, the water level just touches the crest. The discharge in this condition is denoted by Q_{full} . Similarly, the discharge when the pipe is flowing half-full, *i.e.*, with a flow depth of 0.5 m, is denoted by Q_{half} . The ratio Q_{full}/Q_{half} is:

(A) 1

(B) $\sqrt{2}$

(C) 2

(D) 4

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🎏 B
- з. **У** С
- 4. 🗱 D

Question Number: 29 Question Type: MCQ

The two columns below show some parameters and their possible values.

Parameter Value P – Gross Command Area Q – Permanent Wilting Point R – Duty of canal water R – Delta of wheat I – 100 hectares/cumec II - 6 °C III – 1000 hectares IV – 1000 cm V – 40 cm VI – 0.12

Which of the following options matches the parameters and the values correctly?

(A) P-I, Q-II, R-III, S-IV

(B) P-III, Q-VI, R-I, S-V

(C) P-I, Q-V, R-VI, S-II

(D) P-III, Q-II, R-V, S-IV

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. * C
- 4. × D

Question Number: 30 Question Type: MCQ

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN) concentration (mg/L as N) in domestic sewage is the sum of the concentrations of:

- (A) organic and inorganic nitrogen in sewage
- (B) organic nitrogen and nitrate in sewage
- (C) organic nitrogen and ammonia in sewage
- (D) ammonia and nitrate in sewage

Options:

- 1. 🎇 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. * D



Question Number: 31 Question Type: MCQ

Solid waste generated from an industry contains only two components, X and Y as shown in the table below

Component	Composition (% weight)	Density (kg/m ³)
X	c_1	ρ_1
Y	c_2	ρ_2

Assuming $(c_1 + c_2) = 100$, the composite density of the solid waste (ρ) is given by:

(A)
$$\frac{100}{\left(\frac{c_1}{\rho_1} + \frac{c_2}{\rho_2}\right)}$$

(B)
$$100 \left(\frac{\rho_1}{c_1} + \frac{\rho_2}{c_2} \right)$$

(C)
$$100(c_1\rho_1 + c_2\rho_2)$$

(D)
$$100 \left(\frac{\rho_1 \rho_2}{c_1 \rho_1 + c_2 \rho_2} \right)$$

Options:

Question Number: 32 Question Type: NAT

The penetration value of a bitumen sample tested at 25°C is 80. When this sample is heated to 60°C and tested again, the needle of the penetration test apparatus penetrates the bitumen sample by d mm. The value of d CANNOT be less than mm.

Correct Answer:

Question Number: 33 Question Type: MCQ

Which of the following statements CANNOT be used to describe free flow speed (u_i) of a traffic stream?

- (A) u_f is the speed when flow is negligible
- (B) u_f is the speed when density is negligible
- (C) u_f is affected by geometry and surface conditions of the road
- (D) u_f is the speed at which flow is maximum and density is optimum

Options:

Which of the following statements is FALSE?

- (A) Plumb line is along the direction of gravity
- (B) Mean Sea Level (MSL) is used as a reference surface for establishing the horizontal control
- (C) Mean Sea Level (MSL) is a simplification of the Geoid
- (D) Geoid is an equi-potential surface of gravity

Options:

- 1. 🗱 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. X C
- 4. × D

Question Number: 35 Question Type: MCQ

In a closed loop traverse of 1 km total length, the closing errors in departure and latitude are 0.3 m and 0.4 m, respectively. The relative precision of this traverse will be:

- (A) 1: 5000
- (B) 1: 4000
- (C) 1: 3000
- (D) 1: 2000

Options:

- 1. 🗱 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🗸 D

Question Number: 36 Question Type: MCQ

The smallest and largest Eigen values of the following matrix are:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 2 \\ 4 & -4 & 6 \\ 2 & -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (A) 1.5 and 2.5
- (B) 0.5 and 2.5 (C) 1.0 and 3.0 (D) 1.0 and 2.0

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. X C
- 4. 🖋 D

Question Number: 37 Question Type: NAT

The quadratic equation $x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$ is to be solved numerically, starting with the initial guess $x_0 = 3$. The Newton-Raphson method is applied once to get a new estimate and then the Secant method is applied once using the initial guess and this new estimate. The estimated value of the root after the application of the Secant method is



Correct Answer:

2.32 to 2.34

Question Number: 38 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the following differential equation:

$$x(ydx + xdy)\cos\frac{y}{x} = y(xdy - ydx)\sin\frac{y}{x}$$

Which of the following is the solution of the above equation (c is an arbitrary constant)?

(A)
$$\frac{x}{v}\cos\frac{y}{x} = c$$

(B)
$$\frac{x}{y}\sin\frac{y}{x} = c$$

(A)
$$\frac{x}{y}\cos\frac{y}{x} = c$$
 (B) $\frac{x}{y}\sin\frac{y}{x} = c$ (C) $xy\cos\frac{y}{x} = c$ (D) $xy\sin\frac{y}{x} = c$

(D)
$$xy \sin \frac{y}{x} = c$$

Options:

Question Number: 39 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the following complex function:

$$f(z) = \frac{9}{(z-1)(z+2)^2}$$

Which of the following is one of the residues of the above function?

$$(A) -1$$

Options:

Question Number: 40 Question Type: NAT

The directional derivative of the field $u(x, y, z) = x^2 - 3yz$ in the direction of the vector $(\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k})$ at point (2, -1, 4) is _____.

Correct Answer:

-5.72 to -5.70

Question Number: 41 Question Type: NAT



The composition of an air-entrained concrete is given below:

Water : 184 kg/m³
Ordinary Portland Cement (OPC) : 368 kg/m³
Sand : 606 kg/m³
Coarse aggregate : 1155 kg/m³

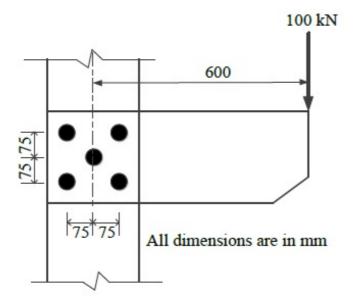
Assume the specific gravity of OPC, sand and coarse aggregate to be 3.14, 2.67 and 2.74, respectively. The air content is ______ liters/ m³.

Correct Answer:

49.5 to 51.0

Question Number: 42 Question Type: NAT

A bracket plate connected to a column flange transmits a load of 100 kN as shown in the following figure. The maximum force for which the bolts should be designed is ______kN.



Correct Answer:

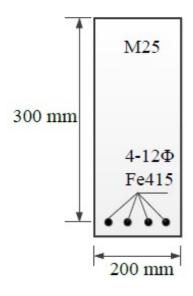
155 to 156.3

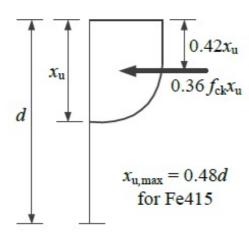
Question Number: 43 Question Type: NAT



Consider the singly reinforced beam section given below (left figure). The stress block parameters for the cross-section from IS:456-2000 are also given below (right figure). The moment of resistance for the given section by the limit state method is

kN-m.



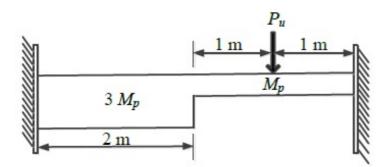


Correct Answer:

42 to 43

Question Number: 44 Question Type: NAT

For formation of *collapse mechanism* in the following figure, the minimum value of P_u is cM_p/L . M_p and $3M_p$ denote the plastic moment capacities of beam sections as shown in this figure. The value of c is



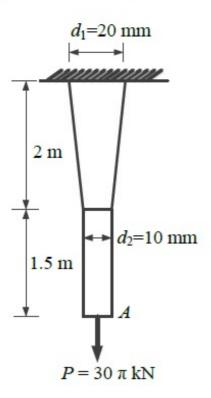
Correct Answer:

3.30 to 3.40

Question Number: 45 Question Type: NAT



A tapered circular rod of diameter varying from 20 mm to 10 mm is connected to another uniform circular rod of diameter 10 mm as shown in the following figure. Both bars are made of same material with the modulus of elasticity, $E = 2 \times 10^5$ MPa. When subjected to a load $P = 30 \pi$ kN, the deflection at point A is ______ mm.

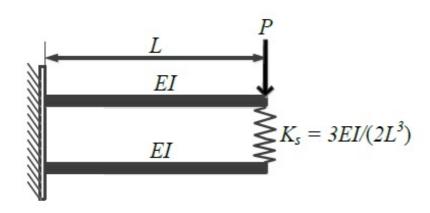


Correct Answer:

14.5 to 15.5

Question Number: 46 Question Type: NAT

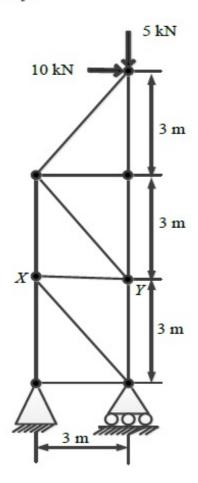
Two beams are connected by a linear spring as shown in the following figure. For a load P as shown in the figure, the percentage of the applied load P carried by the spring is





25

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Correct Answer:

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Question Number: 48 Question Type: MCQ



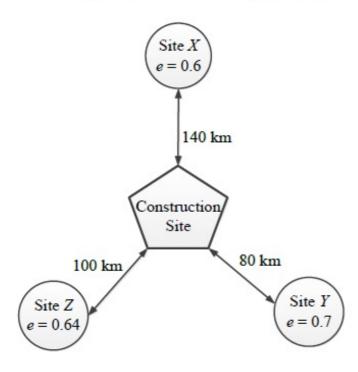
An earth embankment is to be constructed with compacted cohesionless soil. The volume of the embankment is 5000 m³ and the target dry unit weight is 16.2 kN/m³. Three nearby sites (see figure below) have been identified from where the required soil can be transported to the construction site. The void ratios (e) of different sites are shown in the figure. Assume the specific gravity of soil to be 2.7 for all three sites. If the cost of transportation per km is twice the cost of excavation per m³ of borrow pits, which site would you choose as the most economic solution? (Use unit weight of water = 10 kN/m³)

(A) Site X

(B) Site Y

(C) Site Z

(D) Any of the sites



Options:

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🎏 B
- 3. X C
- 4. * D

Question Number: 49 Question Type: NAT



A water tank is to be constructed on the soil deposit shown in the figure below. A circular footing of diameter 3 m and depth of embedment 1 m has been designed to support the tank. The total vertical load to be taken by the footing is 1500 kN. Assume the unit weight of water as 10 kN/m³ and the load dispersion pattern as 2V:1H. The expected settlement of the tank due to primary consolidation of the clay layer is _____ mm.

Silty Sand	Bulk unit weight = 15 kN/m ³ GWT
Sand	Saturated unit weight = 18 kN/m ³
Normally consolidated clay	Saturated unit weight = 18 kN/m ³ Compression index = 0.3 Initial void ratio = 0.7 Coefficient of consolidation = 0.004 cm ²
Dense Sand	
	Normally consolidated clay

Correct Answer:

50 to 55

Question Number: 50 Question Type: NAT

A 20 m thick clay layer is sandwiched between a silty sand layer and a gravelly sand layer. The layer experiences 30 mm settlement in 2 years.

Given:

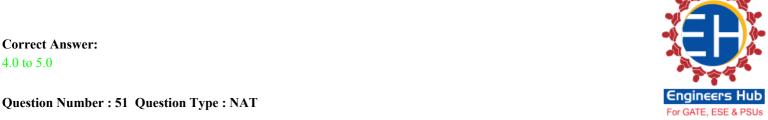
$$T_v = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{4} \left(\frac{U}{100}\right)^2 & \text{for } U \le 60\% \\ 1.781 - 0.933 \log_{10}(100 - U) & \text{for } U > 60\% \end{cases}$$

where T_{ν} is the time factor and U is the degree of consolidation in %.

If the coefficient of consolidation of the layer is 0.003 cm²/s, the deposit will experience a total of 50 mm settlement in the next years.



4.0 to 5.0



A non-homogeneous soil deposit consists of a silt layer sandwiched between a fine-sand layer at top and a clay layer below. Permeability of the silt layer is 10 times the permeability of the clay layer and one-tenth of the permeability of the sand layer. Thickness of the silt layer is 2 times the thickness of the sand layer and two-third of the thickness of the clay layer. The ratio of equivalent horizontal and equivalent vertical permeability of the deposit is

Correct Answer:

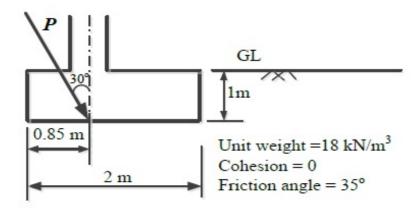
10.0 to 12.0

Question Number: 52 Question Type: NAT

A square footing (2 m x 2 m) is subjected to an inclined point load, P as shown in the figure below. The water table is located well below the base of the footing. Considering one-way eccentricity, the net safe load carrying capacity of the footing for a factor of safety of 3.0 is

The following factors may be used:

Bearing capacity factors: $N_q = 33.3$, $N_{\gamma} = 37.16$; Shape factors: $F_{qs} = F_{\gamma s} = 1.314$; Depth factors: $F_{qd} = F_{\gamma d} = 1.113$; Inclination factors: $F_{qi} = 0.444$, $F_{\gamma i} = 0.02$



Correct Answer:

434 to 444

Question Number: 53 Question Type: NAT

Two reservoirs are connected through a 930 m long, 0.3 m diameter pipe, which has a gate valve. The pipe entrance is sharp (loss coefficient = 0.5) and the valve is half-open (loss coefficient = 5.5). The head difference between the two reservoirs is 20 m. Assume the friction factor for the pipe as 0.03 and $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$. The discharge in the pipe accounting for all minor and major losses is $\frac{m^3}{s}$.



Correct Answer:

0.140 to 0.142

Question Number: 54 Question Type: NAT

A hydraulic jump is formed in a 2 m wide rectangular channel which is horizontal and frictionless. The post-jump depth and velocity are 0.8 m and 1 m/s, respectively. The pre-jump velocity is m/s. (use $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)

Correct Answer:

4 75 to 4 85

Question Number: 55 Question Type: NAT

A short reach of a 2 m wide rectangular open channel has its bed level rising in the direction of flow at a slope of 1 in 10000. It carries a discharge of 4 m³/s and its Manning's roughness coefficient is 0.01. The flow in this reach is gradually varying. At a certain section in this reach, the depth of flow was measured as 0.5 m. The rate of change of the water depth with distance, dy/dx, at this section is _____ (use $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$).

Correct Answer:

0.0031 to 0.0033

Question Number: 56 Question Type: MCQ

The drag force, F_D , on a sphere kept in a uniform flow field depends on the diameter of the sphere, D; flow velocity, V; fluid density, ρ ; and dynamic viscosity, μ . Which of the following options represents the non-dimensional parameters which could be used to analyze this problem?

(A)
$$\frac{F_D}{VD}$$
 and $\frac{\mu}{\rho VD}$

(B)
$$\frac{F_D}{\rho V D^2}$$
 and $\frac{\rho V D}{\mu}$

(C)
$$\frac{F_D}{\rho V^2 D^2}$$
 and $\frac{\rho V D}{\mu}$

(D)
$$\frac{F_D}{\rho V^3 D^3}$$
 and $\frac{\mu}{\rho VD}$

Options:

1. 38 A

2. X B

3. **√** C

4. * D

Question Number: 57 Question Type: NAT



In a catchment, there are four rain-gauge stations, P, Q, R, and S. Normal annual precipitation values at these stations are 780 mm, 850 mm, 920 mm, and 980 mm, respectively. In the year 2013, stations Q, R, and S, were operative but P was not. Using the normal ratio method, the precipitation at station P for the year 2013 has been estimated as 860 mm. If the observed precipitation at stations Q and R for the year 2013 were 930 mm and 1010 mm, respectively; what was the observed precipitation (in mm) at station S for that year?

Correct Answer:

1093 to 1094

Question Number: 58 Question Type: NAT

The 4-hr unit hydrograph for a catchment is given in the table below. What would be the maximum ordinate of the S-curve (in m³/s) derived from this hydrograph?

Time (hr)	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
Unit hydrograph ordinate (m³/s)	0	0.6	3.1	10	13	9	5	2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0

Correct Answer:

21.9 to 22.1

Question Number: 59 Question Type: NAT

The concentration of Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) in ambient atmosphere was measured as 30 μ g/m³. Under the same conditions, the above SO₂ concentration expressed in ppm is ______.

Given: $P/(RT) = 41.6 \text{ mol/m}^3$; where, P = Pressure; T = Temperature; R = universal gas constant; Molecular weight of $SO_2 = 64$.

Correct Answer:

0.010 to 0.012

Question Number: 60 Question Type: NAT

Consider a primary sedimentation tank (PST) in a water treatment plant with Surface Overflow Rate (SOR) of 40 m 3 /m 2 /d. The diameter of the spherical particle which will have 90 percent theoretical removal efficiency in this tank is _____ µm. Assume that settling velocity of the particles in water is described by Stokes's Law.

Given: Density of water = 1000 kg/m³; Density of particle = 2650 kg/m³; g = 9.81 m/s²; Kinematic viscosity of water (v) = 1.10 x 10⁻⁶ m²/s

Correct Answer:

20.0 to 24.0

Question Number: 61 Question Type: NAT

The acceleration-time relationship for a vehicle subjected to non-uniform acceleration is,

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = (\alpha - \beta v_0)e^{-\beta t}$$

where, v is the speed in m/s, t is the time in s, α and β are parameters, and v_0 is the initial speed in m/s. If the accelerating behavior of a vehicle, whose driver intends to overtake a slow moving vehicle ahead, is described as,

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = (\alpha - \beta v)$$

Considering $\alpha = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$, $\beta = 0.05 \text{ s}^{-1}$ and $\frac{dv}{dt} = 1.3 \text{ m/s}^2$ at t = 3 s, the distance (in m) travelled by the vehicle in 35 s is

Correct Answer:

895 to 905

Question Number: 62 Question Type: MCQ

On a circular curve, the rate of superelevation is e. While negotiating the curve a vehicle comes to a stop. It is seen that the stopped vehicle does not slide inwards (in the radial direction). The coefficient of side friction is f. Which of the following is true:

(A)
$$e \leq f$$

(A)
$$e \le f$$
 (B) $f < e < 2f$ (C) $e \ge 2f$ (D) none of the above

(C)
$$e \ge 2f$$

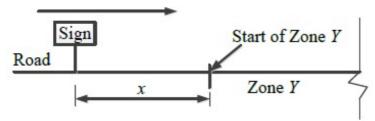
Options:

Question Number: 63 Question Type: NAT



A sign is required to be put up asking drivers to slow down to 30 km/h before entering Zone Y (see figure). On this road, vehicles require 174 m to slow down to 30 km/h (the distance of 174 m includes the distance travelled during the perception-reaction time of drivers). The sign can be read by 6/6 vision drivers from a distance of 48 m. The sign is placed at a distance of x m from the start of Zone Y so that even a 6/9 vision driver can slow down to 30 km/h before entering the zone. The minimum value of x is

Direction of vehicle movement



Correct Answer

141.84 to 142.32

Question Number: 64 Question Type: MCQ

In a survey work, three independent angles X, Y and Z were observed with weights W_X , W_Y , W_Z , respectively. The weight of the sum of angles X, Y and Z is given by:

(A)
$$1/(\frac{1}{W_X} + \frac{1}{W_Y} + \frac{1}{W_Z})$$

(B)
$$\left(\frac{1}{W_X} + \frac{1}{W_Y} + \frac{1}{W_Z}\right)$$

(C)
$$W_X + W_Y + W_Z$$

(D)
$$W_X^2 + W_Y^2 + W_Z^2$$

Options:

Question Number: 65 Question Type: MCQ

In a region with magnetic declination of 2°E, the magnetic Fore bearing (FB) of a line AB was measured as N79°50'E. There was local attraction at A. To determine the correct magnetic bearing of the line, a point O was selected at which there was no local attraction. The magnetic FB of line AO and OA were observed to be S52°40'E and N50°20'W, respectively. What is the true FB of line AB?

(A) N81°50'E

(B) N82°10'E

(C) N84°10'E

(D) N77°50'E

Options:

4. * D

